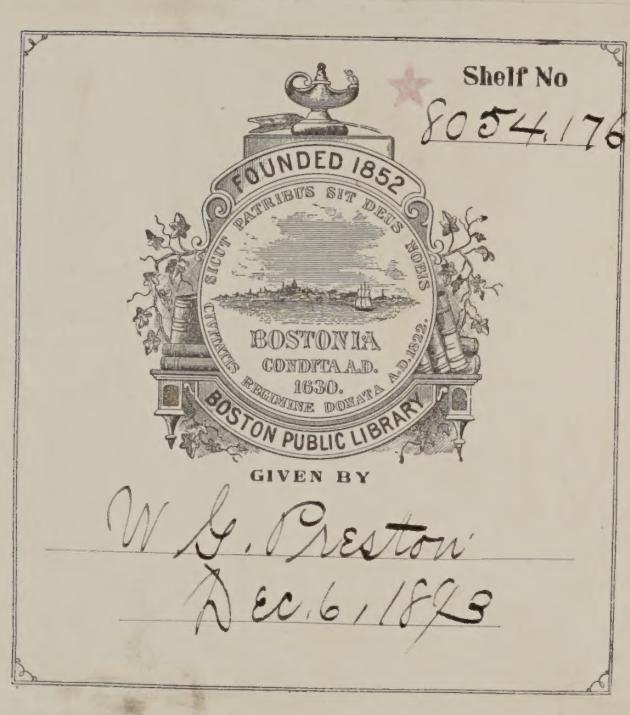


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65
O they march'd thro' the town

Sung by

MRS. K N I G H T,

Words by

W. G. Preston

8054.176

Dec. 6/93 THOMAS E. BAYLY ESQ[®]

Composed by

S. NELSON.

Public Library
—of the—
City of Boston.

PUBLISHED BY JOHN COLE BALTIMORE.

CON SPIRITO.

486

O! they march'd thro' the town with their banners so gay, To my casement I ran just to
 hear the band play, And I peep'd thro' the blind very cau_tiously then, Lest the
 neighbours should say that I look'd at the men. Oh! I heard not the tune tho' the
 music was sweet, For my eyes at the time had a much greater treat, For the

troop was the fi_nest that e'er I did see, And the Cap_tain by chance caught a

sly glimpse of me.

When we met at the Ball, I of course thought it right,
 To pretend that we never had met 'till that night,
 But he knew me at once I perceived by his glance,
 And I look'd down and blush'd when he ask'd me to dance.
 Oh! I sat by his side at the close of the set
 And the sweet words he breath'd I can never forget;
 My heart was enlisted and could not get free,
 For the Captain, by chance, caught a sly glimpse of me.

ing machines. CRANE & WATERS CO., Millbury, Mass.

EXPERIENCED MILLNER wanted; good wages. 315 Cambridge st. East Cambridge.

ENGLISH GIRL wanted to do general housework in a family of 8 in Brookline; must be a good cook. "B." 478, Herald Office.

FIRST-CLASS cloak and suit fitted wanted; one capable of selling goods; a good position for a bright, smart, experienced person in our new ladies' garment department. WASH-

BURN CREDIT HOUSE, 465 Washington st.

RELIABLE COLORED HELP wanted; such as cooks, general housework girls and chambermaids, to out of town, bring refer-

ences. Mrs. BLACKMAN, 193 Cambridge st.

GIRL wanted in a small Brookline family to do general housework; must be a good cook. "A." 478, Herald Office.

LADIES—Arrange your household duties so that you can devote 3 or 4 hours daily to a general occupation, by which from \$3 to \$15 weekly can be earned; strictly home work, child this "ad," and call any day this week at 270 Boylston st., room 12, take elevator.

LADIES—We have pleasant home work for ladies, no experience necessary; instruction free; can be done day or evening. For partic-

ulars call at room 20, 28 Temple pl.

NEAT, STRONG GIRL wanted as chamber- maid and laundress; Protestant preferred. Ap-

ply at 39 Brimmer st., Tuesday evening or Wednesday or Thursday, between 10 and 11 o'clock. A. M.

PROTESTANT NURSERY GIRL wanted. 80

White st., East Boston.

STYLOGRAPHERS wanted; any ambitions

person desiring to enter the shorthand pro-

fession, may write or call upon Mr. DILLON,

government, press and court reporter, Globe

School of Shorthand, for over 10 years; day

and evening; he also instructs through the

mail; positions secured. Show writers assisted

for sale at a bargain; also

heavy duty stationary engines, new and

portable boiler, suitable for sawmills, station-

ary boilers, 30 to 75 h. p.; small portable en-

gines, 2 to 10 h. p., at very low prices; also

small line of new portable engines in sizes to 60

h. p.; stationary engines to 400 h. p.; send for

quotations. S. L. HOLT & CO., 67 Sudbury st.

PORTABLE, stationary and automatic en-

gines, 2 to 600 h. p.; also Lidgeford Mfg. Co.'s, isolating engines; all sizes; boilers, wire

ropes, stone crushers &c.; first-class, low prices;

prompt shipment; write for catalogues, stat-

ing what you require. J. H. HOUGHTON, 201-203

Congress st., Boston, Mass.

BUY NOT A WOOD PULLEY till you get

hand Lath saw, mill back, back knife, 10 to 12 H. P. steam outfit. F. H. STEARNS MFG. CO.,

Chester, Vt.

DRILLS for sale, in first-class condition,

6 holsting engines, 8, 10, 12 h. p., single

drills, large fire pump, deritrics, wire guys,

fire caps, iron bands, chains, shackles,

shears, &c., Boston.

6 DRILLS for sale, in first-class condition,

6 holsting engines, 8, 10, 12 h. p., single

drills, large fire pump, deritrics, wire guys,

fire caps, iron bands, chains, shackles,

shears, &c., Boston.

DRILLS cutting, drawing and forming; glass

and fibre molds; a specialty; machinery de-

signed and built. MURRAY & TRENTHAM,

West First st., between E and F, South Bos-

ton.

DYMO and 10 arc lamps for sale cheap,

in first-class condition. F. W. MESEIVE,

Boston, Mass.

CAST-OFF CLOTHING wanted of all kinds,

ladies', gents' and children's; also carpets, fur-

iture and other personal property; send postal

order, care of J. H. HOUGHTON, N. H.

Agent, 201 Congress st., Boston, Mass.

NOTICE to dealers in vitrified salt-glazed

sewer pipe and foundry castings, proposals

for furnishing about 250 cast iron manholes

frames and covers and about 12,000 feet of

salt-glazed vitrified sewer pipe will be received

by the sewer committee of the city of Newton

commonwealth of Massachusetts at the office

of the city engineer, City Hall, West Newton,

Mass., until 12 o'clock noon of April 11, 1895. The award of the contract will be

made by a certified check, payable to the

city of Boston, for \$1,000, conditioned for the

signing of the contract, within 6 days from

the date of the award. Bonds with sureties

equal to 20 per cent. of the contract will be

required for the faithful performance of the

same. Proposals will be addressed to the

superintendent, and marked "Proposals for

coals." The superintendent reserves the right

to reject any or all proposals. WM. J. BURKE,

superintendent.

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February 1896.

Collector of Taxes for the City of Somerville for the Year 1895.

Island, J. J. Conchane and F. J. Pike, Vermont, J. M. Dugan and William H. Taylor.

Supreme Secretary Shepard reported that Jan. 1, 1894, there were 16,348 members; initiated, 902; suspended, 480; died, 180; net gain, 1390; membership Dec. 31, 1894, 18,338, of which 10,335 were men and 7,983 women; 12,622 were insured for \$2000 each, \$653 for \$1000 each, and 153 were social members. Their loss from suspensions was less than 3 per cent. The mortality rate was eight and a fraction to the 1000 lives insured. The average rate in all life insurance companies is between 10 and 11 to the 1000, and more than 12 to 1000.

By states, the initiations were as follows: Vermont, 16; Rhode Island, 19; Connecticut, 22; Maine, 12%; New Hampshire, 37; Massachusetts, 1435. The deaths were one in Connecticut, three in Rhode Island, 14 in Maine, 18 in New Hampshire and 114 in Massachusetts. There has been a gain of 10 colonies during the year.

Among the older colonies there has been a marked change. Cotton Mather colony heads with 82; Merrimack colony, 70; Gov. Andrew, 43; Phil. Sheridan, 52; Monadnock, 51; Roger Williams, 48. Four colonies gained between 30 and 40, 11 between 20 and 30, 40 colonies between 10 and 20, and 75 colonies had less than 10 initiations. Ten colonies neither gained or lost, and 29 colonies made a net loss.

The members who died in 1894 had contributed to the benefit fund \$17,743.36 and their beneficiaries received \$26,100. The average rate payment by deceased members was \$11.44. The work of the past 10 years is briefly reviewed. At the close of 1884 there were 4138 members. In 10 years this had increased to 18,338, an average of 400 per year. In 1884 there were paid in benefits \$42,000. In 1894 there were paid \$278,000. In 1884 14 assessments were levied and in 1894 14 were required; average for 10 years 12 a year. The assessments for three years have not been increased.

The report of the returns was presented by Chairman D. M. Webster, and was accepted.

The report of Supreme Medical Examiner White shows 2294 applications in 1894, of which 154 were rejected. Since 1885 there have been 20,263 applications and the death of claims have been 498. The deaths in 1894 were 150, 89 men and 61 women.

Pneumonia caused 23 deaths, phthisis 17, heart disease 20, cancer 15, Bright's disease 9, paralysis 8.

The report of the auditing committee was presented by Henry W. O'Hara and accepted.

Supreme Treasurer Bugbee reported 14 assessments called during 1894, yielding \$22,948; total available funds, \$83,112.50. The payments from this fund as of December 31, 1894, for balance remaining, Dec. 31, 1894, \$41,945 in the benefit fund and \$405 in the suspense fund; total, \$81,745. The receipts in the general fund were \$15,880.33 and the payments have been \$16,306. An increase of \$168.94 over 1893. The payments in detail have been for: Salaries, \$56,193.36; mileage of supreme medical examiner, \$21,10; mileage of directors and trustees, \$125.18; postage, \$80,38; services and mileage of deputies, \$20,67.50; miscellaneous \$1806.51.

The report of the supreme medical examiner was referred to special committee, consisting of A. J. Gould, A. J. Lloyd and A. M. Purinton. It was voted to make the election of officers a special assignment for 2 P. M.

The proposed amendment to the constitution, providing for the collection of an advance assessment to secure the payment of benefits more promptly, was urged, as necessary, in order to place the Pilgrim Fathers upon an equality with other fraternal societies. This amendment was being discussed at the adjournment for dinner.

IRON FOUNDRY TO BE REOPENED.

(Special Dispatch to the Boston Herald.)

STATIONARY, NO. 1, APRIL 3, 1896.

THE LAST THING

That People Think Of,

As a rule, IS THEIR HEALTH, and not till a cold or cough has become entrenched in the system, do they begin to look about for a remedy. This is one of the reasons that PNEUMONIA

OUR

PAPER

ALICE

Complaint Against Patrolman William F. Drake Falls Through.

The second hearing before Commissioners Martin, Whiting and Clarke this morning proved to be that of a retired police officer against an active member of Boston's finest. The complainant in the case was Albert L. Kingsbury, who was retired several months ago, and the defendant was Patrolman William F. Drake, one of the most popular and efficient officers of station 5.

Kingsbury lives at No. 20 Bradford street, and his wife owns the property No. 282 Shawmut avenue. It appears that on several occasions Patrolman Drake has been brought into prominence by the arresting of women who have lived there. At one time Evelyn Johnson, who was convicted of running a baby farm, lived there. Since then it is alleged that Kingsbury has hounded the officer night and day, and has made repeated insinuations that he would make trouble for the officer.

On the night of Feb. 28 it appears that Kingsbury met Drake on Washington street, and that they had some trouble. The ex-officer claimed that Drake assaulted him, but failed to prove it at today's hearing. The board of police brought out the fact that Kingsbury had interested himself in the notorious Sam Green, now doing time in the house of correction, and as the evidence of Kingsbury was unsupported, and the superintendent and Deputy Harrison had thoroughly investigated the matter, the case was thrown out, without any defense put in.

GREEN DRAGON CLUB LICENSE.

Interesting Hearing on Application Before Police Commissioners.

One of the most interesting hearings of the day was that caused by an application of Messrs. Damon of Hotel Thordnike for a license under the caption of the Green Dragon Club to run a restaurant and bar at Nos. 38 and 40 Park square.

Messrs. J. P. Hollander & Co. of Nos. 42 and 48 Park square are opposed to the granting of a license to the Damon's as the property adjoins their store and it is believed that a liquor place will affect their business. Mr. Benjamin Piman of the firm stated his objections, and was examined by his counsel, Lawyer Melvin O. Adams. He stated that the firm had spent a great deal of money in establishing a business and did not now want to see it spoiled.

Mr. George White, the owner of the building, and the Messrs. Damon spoke in favor of the license being granted, the latter emphasizing the fact that already about \$10,000 had been spent in fitting the place up.

Mr. White spoke of the matter from the view of a property owner as well as a citizen and taxpayer.

The case was taken under advisement.

PHOTOGRAPHER BURNED.

An accident occurred at Odd Fellows' Hall last evening, by which a young as-

's now the most sparsely settled portion of the city.

It would be built with a view to developing the real estate in that vicinity, and putting it upon the market. Some of the large real estate holders of Newton and Newton Highlands are interested in the scheme, and provided cut out several large tracts, which are now used for farming purposes. Into Oak Hill is now entirely without transit facilities, and is isolated from the remainder of the city.

Y. M. C. A. CLUBHOUSE. The efforts of the railroad branch of the International committee of the Y. M. C. A. to build a large clubhouse near the new Union station in St. Louis have been, crowned with success, and the Terminal Railroad Association, which controls both bridges, the Union station and practically all the terminal facilities in that city, has decided to guarantee, on behalf of the 22 railroads operating in the city, the interest on bonds which will be issued to erect a building for the use of railroad men. The building, which will be located on ground given by the terminal association, will contain a dormitory, and in addition will have every appointment of a first-class club. It is expected that plans for the building, which will cost about \$60,000, will be completed soon and the structure be ready for use before next winter.

UNIQUE CONTEST.

On Oct. 20, 1894, Mr. Charles S. Free, general passenger agent of the Northern Pacific railroad, offered prizes amounting to \$300 for the best magazine advertisement to be gotten up by the ticket agents throughout the United States. The contest was closed on March 30, with the following result, the winners of the first prizes only being given:

For a magazine half-page advertisement, \$100, to W. E. Landon, ticket agent of the West Shore railroad at Artesia, N. Y.; for a magazine full-page advertisement, \$15, P. J. Leimbach, passenger agent, Missouri Pacific railroad, Hutchinson, Kan.; for a magazine quarter-page advertisement, \$50, A. C. Ziemen, depot ticket agent, Burlington & Missouri river railroad, Lincoln, Neb.

LAKE NAVIGATION. The all-rail lines out of Boston held a meeting in New York yesterday for the purpose of considering lake and rail rates. It is expected that the rates in effect last year will be the same the coming season, but this point was not definitely decided. In a day or two, however, the matter will be definitely decided.

The season of lake navigation will open on or about the 22d of April. From present indications the lake rates will be firmly maintained, as the all-rail lines, since the 1st of February have shown unusual stability. There is no present reason why the lake lines should not also live up to the schedule.

It is understood that the general agents of the initial lines out of Boston are to form a local committee, with a view to establishing better business relations with each other for the benefit of their respective roads. It is believed that after this committee gets into working order it will be the means of maintaining rates and doing away with the excessive rate cutting of the past.

Since the local committee of the Chicago West lines was formed, a year or more ago, rates from Chicago into the West and Northwest have been firmly maintained from New England territory. It is learned that the Western Trail Association is very well pleased with the work of its local committees and encourages their continuance.

In the Lynn police court this morning, William Ruddy, who is believed to have been concerned in the notorious robberies in Lynn recently, was held in \$500 for the superior court, on the charge of breaking and entering and larceny. Ruddy, pleaded not guilty.

The keys that were found upon Ruddy when he was searched have been tried upon the doors of houses that have recently been entered, and found to fit. The police feel certain he is the much wanted "key man."

SELL DOWN STAIRS.

William Ruddy Held in \$500 for the Superior Court in Lynn Today.

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flowers, presenting each patron also with one of the yellow petals as a souvenir.

A black cloth with sunflowers painted thereon was hung across the stage, the centre of which was an opening just large enough for the ladies to fill with their hands and stockings of various hues.

Miss A. L. Wheeler, Mrs. H. M. Barnes, Mr. W. E. Stimpson, Miss G. E. Moore, Mrs. W. E. Stimpson and Mr. S. Cutler were responsible for the amusement furnished.

BOLD, BAD BURGLARS.

Tried Hard to Make a Big Haul Under Full Glares of Electric Lights.

(Special Dispatch to the Boston Herald.)

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 4, 1895. Burglars continue to work in the central police precinct, and they are getting bolder with each operation, for the police do not appear to be able to get any track of them.

Last night they didn't make much of a haul, but they tried hard for one. They visited Blanding & Blanding, wholesale druggists on Weybosset street, where they borrowed a pair of skids with which they got to a fire escape, and from this climbed across the front of the next block and into the windows of the J. C. Hall Printing Company's rooms, where they turned everything upside down, finding, however, nothing but a gold watch which belonged to Representative Charles C. Gray.

They also entered the office of Perry & Co., bankers, but were not able to open the big safe, leaving apparently alarmed, and taking flight. This work was all done under the full glare of the electric street lights.

WAS IN FALL RIVER TUESDAY.

New Bedford's Missing Man Was all Right but Less Cheerful than Usual.

WOONSOCKET, R. I., April 4, 1895. Frank Barrows, reported in the Boston morning papers as missing from New Bedford, Mass., since 10 A. M. Tuesday, when he left his place of employment, was in Fall River several hours later, according to George Haven, confectioner of New Bedford, who is here today. He says Barrows came to Fall River on the Cannonville electric car leaving New Bedford at 11 A. M. Tuesday. Barrows transferred to another street car in Fall River, saying he was going to see a man in that city. He appeared all right, but less cheerful than usual.

THINK HE IS THE “KEY MAN.” The alarm from box 131 at 10 o'clock this morning was given for a slight fire in the malt room of the Suffolk brewery, No. 423 East Eighth street. The fire originated from some unknown cause; damage, \$25. Services over the remains of John J. Roche were held at St. Michael's Hall this afternoon. Rev. Fr. Bannon conducted the services and the interment was made at Calvary Cemetery. The members of the Mt. Washington Bicycle Club royally entertained the Mattapan club at their headquarters on Broadway last evening.

In the local court this morning, Judge Fallon presiding, Mary Doherty, charged with assault and larceny, was fined \$5 on each offence. Andrew Kelly, charged with assault, was sentenced to three months in the house of industry. Bernard Devine, charged with breaking and entering, was held in \$300 for the superior court. The regular meeting of the South Boston Yacht Club was held last evening. A number of new members were admitted and arrangements were completed for the annual banquet. The members of the Widgeon Club held their second annual party in Bessie Hall last evening, and fully 100 couples were in attendance. Miss Gertrude Tingley was in charge and was assisted by Miss Mary Burrage and

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of the many who will apply and be admitted to the fold is grateful and content, the trial is worth making at all costs proposed. At all events, it is merely carrying out the Boston plan of a home for aged couples on a larger scale and as a private charity.

The impression about town yesterday was that those who were not "in" the Lohengrin excitement missed the experience of their lives. Such a mingling of emotions as swayed the audience on that memorable occasion has rarely been visible to the most observant student of human nature, for despair alternated with expectation, hope with surprise, and the very novelty of the situation enhanced the admiration which this "emergency" Knight of the Grail aroused. It did not seem possible that out of such a concatenation of circumstances one of the best Lohengrins seen on the German opera stage could arise to cover himself with glory. But lo and behold, the unexpected happened. The smile that illumined Mr. Damrosch's countenance when this "Rob Roy" Lohengrin opened his mouth and sang those first sweet notes was enough to make the musicians' candles quite unnecessary, it was so bright and cordial, so satisfied and happy. It was hard work keeping down the responsive applause, but hisses ran through the house like snakes every time the grateful auditors broke away into hand-clapping. Never has demonstration at the wrong moment been more completely squelched than during this Wagner opera season, for it is as much as one's life is worth to cry bravo or hooray! before the last note of the coda vanishes into the roof. Tuesday night there was more excuse for enthusiasm in wrong places, for who could help applauding this Lohengrin, and the finest Ortrud we have had for many and many a day. To hear Bremma in that great third act is to hear the enthralling voice of an angel gone wrong, a sorceress, indeed, throwing her spell over the greatest audience, as she has over Elisa. Had there been no Lohengrin at all in the cast, that great scene would have saved the night.

It is a curious fact that the "atmosphere" of German opera is as separate from that of Italian opera as light from darkness. In "Lohengrin" it is particularly noticeable, for the Italian has been made Wagner's one musical opera its own, and with the "Nordica and De Reszke performances Boston is now thoroughly familiar. It is very natural to compare them, while the German is fresh in mind, and if preference be given to the latter's interpretation, there is reason for it, as all who heard Gadski and Brema must admit.

Tact is a royal gift. It smooths down the world's back, and it acts as a charm to compare them, while the German is fresh in mind, and if preference be given to the latter's interpretation, there is reason for it, as all who heard Gadski and Brema must admit.

DIDN'T LIKE HIS SURROUNDINGS.

So Samuel Bolster of Lynn Broke up the Furnishings of His Cell.

Samuel Bolster of Lynn was arrested in that city yesterday afternoon for being drunk. It took four policemen, and that after a hard chase, to place Bolster behind the bars in the police station. Bolster had been in the cell only a few moments when he began to demolish the cot, and when he had finished his work of demolition nothing remained of the cell but the four walls. The cot had been torn to pieces, and even the heavy two-inch plank had succumbed to his efforts and lay in pieces. The water bowl, however, had been smashed, and it was found necessary last night to shut the water off entirely from the police station. Bolster murderedly assaulted the officers when they went to remove him from the cell. He was armed with an iron leg of the broken cot, but was disarmed and placed where he could do no further harm.

NEW PASTOR INSTALLED.

It appears that the late trip of the legislative committee on mercantile affairs cost the state \$105. It yet remains to be seen what benefit the state is to realize from this expenditure, except when account is taken of the light that was thrown on the color line down

er it is safe to go to sea under like conditions. The interest of the railroads themselves is, therefore, likely to justify Mr. Dunn's anticipation that before many years every railroad in the country will be taking systematic observations, and co-operating with the work of the weather bureau.

THE KEELEY CURE IN ENGLAND.

At a recent public meeting in London, a standing committee, of whom one of the Queen's chaplains was the chairman, presented its annual report on the work of the Keeley treatment for inebriety, which contains some strong statements. Out of twenty cases tested by the committee in December, 1892, and January, 1893, eighteen have stood under treatment in various inebriate homes in England. Four of these were physicians, one an eminent authoress, one a housewife, one an assistant cashier, one a gardener, one a meat market-man and five were clerks; all were restored from worthless inebriety to useful and active careers. This testimony is of a character to carry weight, and it speaks volumes for the cure of inebriety. Two hundred thousand cases of alcohol and opium inebriety have been treated by Dr. Keeley in the last thirteen years, and there are at this date 104 branch institutes in the United States.

It seems to be true, as Councilman Lane has said, that the walking-the-chalk-line test of inebriety is no new or fanciful suggestion. It comes from Holland. At the Dutch dances, when the fiddlers have grown weary and the hot rum circulates freely, it is the custom at these assemblies to make a test of the degree of inebriety at which some of the dancers have arrived. A long crack in the floor is chosen, and in the presence of a crowd of spectators the victim is required to give a test of his ability to walk along the crack from end to end, placing the foot squarely over the line each time. If he can do this without too much wobbling, he is pronounced a skillful dancer of Pedro, and the next victim is brought out. The Pedro test is the name for it.

A war indemnity of 400,000,000 yen would mean about \$40,000,000 in the Japanese treasury if paid in gold, and about \$20,000,000 if paid in silver. If the report of the amount of the indemnity to be demanded is correct, it is reasonable to infer that it is to be paid in gold or its equivalent rather than in silver; otherwise it would be too small. It is recalled that Germany exacted from France a billion dollars by way of indemnity, while the value of Alsace and Lorraine, as compared to that of Formosa and southern Manchuria, is reckoned in about the same proportion as the two indemnities.

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ing from 1846 to 1860, our import trade increased about 150 per cent, from 1861 to 1892, under a series of high tariffs, the increase was also about 150 per cent., showing that, although the growth under these latter circumstances was somewhat slower, it was none the less a continuous growth, and that no continuous growth can be drawn from the size of our import trade which has any special bearing on the merits of one tariff or another, certainly none where the comparison is confined to the results of single years or fractions of a year.

BISMARCK'S ADDRESS.

The address made by Prince Bismarck to the German students indicated in a few lines the policy which the great chancellor adopted during his long tenure of office. It is one which we believe all successful statesmen have adopted, and one which has called forth from those who are simply theorists in statesmanship loud denunciations and charges of inconsistency. The point to be gained in the case of Prince Bismarck was to secure and guarantee German unity, and in attaining this end it was necessary for him to use whatever method seemed for the time being calculated to serve his purpose, and whichever party offering him the following that his cause required. Thus at different times he was anti-Catholic and then Catholic; he was a free trader and then a protectionist; he favored Socialist leaders, and then repressed and imprisoned them; and, in fact, varied his course in a manner that astounded many who could not see the connection between present moves and future results. It is also well to bear in mind, as Prince Bismarck said, that while the disadvantages of a certain line of action are frequently made plain by experience, the resulting benefits are not, always at the time so clearly outlined. As Browning has made *Parcels* say:

"God's intimations rather fall in clearness than in energy. He but indicate the path to follow like that to be abandoned."

THE COST OF FLOWERS.

The remarks of one of the leading retail florists of this city at the monthly meeting of the Gardeners and Florists' Club, that the flower business had been remarkably successful during the past two years, notwithstanding the depression in almost every other branch of business, attest the extraordinary passion for floral decoration which now pervades the community. The florists' windows are now as great an attraction as those of the milliners, the jewellers, or the great dry goods stores, and the fragrance of their merchandise pervades the atmosphere of the dining room, the drawing room, the theatre and the promenade. It is a proper appreciation of the beautiful, and it is a

SCRIPTION RATES. See pages 8 and 9.

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TO POSTAL CARDS. The use of postal cards by the post office department conforms to a common sense on of the postal laws, which are contained in the bills, not postally, and in a few lines the policy which the European powers, "with the advantages of improved administration and direct steam communication with the outer world, are all beginning to march in time with nineteenth century progress."

So much of this is comparatively recent that it challenges attention, but the future of the Pacific is bound up with so much that is old that a reawakening must figure in the calendar as well as the peopling of waste places. Mr. Thurston finds no difficulty in believing that China's present experience with Japan will break down the barriers which have heretofore isolated her from the world, and one need have no hesitation in agreeing with him that "when that takes place, and China wakes up to the possibilities of her military, manufacturing and commercial powers," no living man can predict the results, or where the end will chance. There is, nevertheless, the off-chance that China may not wake up, that Australian progress may permanently slow down, and that the commercial adaptiveness of Japan may not justify expectations. Still, there is nothing extravagant in Mr. Thurston's prediction that within ten or fifteen years the railroad from St. Petersburg to Vladivostok will have been completed; that steamship lines will radiate from the latter point to Vancouver, San Francisco, the completed Nicaragua canal and the southern colonies; that the railroad system of North America will have been extended to Alaska on the north and Chile on the south; that much of the commerce of the Suez canal will have been diverted to Niecaragua, and that between all the main ports of the Pacific steamers will be plying of the size and speed of those now navigating the North Atlantic.

Miss Molly Elliot Seawell has a sketch of "Paul Jones." In the Century for April, she quotes a portion of Jones' own account of the battle between the Bon Homme Richard and the Serapis: "I directed the fire of one of the three Cannon against the mainmast. With double headed shot while the other two were exceedingly well served with grape and Canister shot to silence her decks and clear her decks. The English Commodore asked me if I demanded quarter, and I having answered him in the most determined negative, they renewed the battle with redoubled fury." What Paul Jones calls a "most determined negative" was the celebrated answer that will ever mark him as one of the bravest of the brave. The two ships lying head and stern enveloped in smoke as they repeatedly caught fire from each other, and neither one in position to fire an effective shot, a sudden and awful silence ensued. Presently a call came from the Serapis: "Have you struck?" to which Paul Jones answered: "I have not yet begun to fight!"

BARNUM REDIVIVUS.
(From the *Galveston News*.)

Showman—Ladies and gentlemen, allow me to introduce to your notice Miss Cadwallader Hoagay, the childish Venus of the Azores; one, if not the greatest, curiosity on the face of the earth, inasmuch as she alternates in color every year—one year being entirely white, the next year changing to a decided black. This year, as you perceive, she is entirely black!

SNAP SHOTS.
(From the *Galveston News*.)

When properly used one good opportunity will last a lifetime. There are some opportunities of a lifetime at every fruit stand.

A hint is sometimes so broad that one cannot get around it.

People who are out of sight come high.

Some lucky people always have a fool at hand to take their risks for them. Most of the devil's weapons have been presented to him by the politicians. The slow young man who does not know how to shake hands up is not in tip-top society these days.

This is the age in which man snatches the laurels and mounts them upon his own brow.

People sometimes need forgetfulness badly.

We all know a number of good people, and let's try to think of them and feel encouraged.

As soon as one learns how to pronounce a word correctly, somebody changes the whole dictionary.

Away off—Spain.

The vigorous young man who will go to the country and rise with the birds will have the chants of a lifetime.

The devil doubtless has trouble like the rest of us.

After all there is no foundation like brass tacks.

Spring opens each day with a grand recital.

Gives not the peach tree when 'tis fully blown greater pleasure to the people's heart than doth its highly painted fruit that hangs to tempt the small boy to devonit?

THE WALL OF THE PESSIMIST.
(From Kate Field's Washington.)

O for the land! and O for the sea!
And O for whatever on earth can't be!
For whatever is, is stale and flat;
So, whatever isn't, must be just that.
For what we are, a-sighin'
It's a mighty hard matter to tell just
which

Spezialschulabschluss
Individuelle
Erziehung
und
Beratung
für
Schwierigkeits-
gruppen
und
Familien
mit
sozialen
Problemen

Speaking of such a matter, it is clear that Cissie Loftus does not figure in Mrs. Justin McCarthy, for those who know the young people declare that the most married couple they met. It is not so long ago that before her marriage she was seen in a London restaurant, at an hour when it is well nigh deserted, feeding her prospective lord and master—it being before the elopement—with strawberry ice cream from a spoon, and a man who is a friend of McCarthy's sister, and who recently called on him, told that he found them cuddled together, playing cribbage, and that did not seem any too pleased to their tête-à-tête spoiled. In New York it was quite impossible to get them to go out at all, did not seem to relish even the society. An Englishman who Cissie before she was married of her not long ago: "Oh, well, it good thing she married him. He was no other way, for although comes of concert hall stock she has drop of sporting blood in her, and e most eminently respectable and young woman that I ever met."

Young amazes some people to understand how she is willing to imitate the Guillbert, and if she really uses powers of mimicry on a good subject, whose salient features are easy to find and copy, and does not realize it. Well, we shall soon have a personal opinion on that matter.

It is not unlikely that we, of this generation, will yet see, in regard to this travelling custom, an innovation in this country, which will be simply a return to the travelling company became so common. In those days we had Mr. and George Barrett, and actors of their who changed their stage names but fear of disaster. Just as Marie became Mrs. Bancroft, and George Robertson, Mrs. Kendal, without losing all they had gained. Can that in this country there is as all that in a name?

Oppos the career of the Bancrofts most interesting one. They have figured in London as star actors, have been conspicuous as the actors of minor parts, but capital actors, as managers, who, during the days of their prestige, gave London some of best plays that it saw. The rise of the Lyceum and Irving was the down-troft.

It is 10 years this coming July, however, that feeling that their prestige in on was slipping away, they determined to retire rather than risk what had earned and won in a down-struggle. At that time they had on the stage more than a quarter-century, and for 18 years had been and Mrs. Squire Bancroft. Under management "Caste," "School," "Diplomacy," "Ours," "Diplomacy," "Man Wife," "Peril," "Daniel Rochat," "Teodor," "Lords and Com-

"were but a few of the plays London.

Ladies of the Cabinet Have Not Worn Many Jewels of Late.

Jewelry has been little worn by our fashionable ladies this winter, and it begins to look as if it were to go out of style, according to a correspondent in the Philadelphia Times. Mrs. Cleveland may have plenty of it, but she generally wears the little side combs that were presented to her by her husband, and a diamond necklace, formed of small brilliants, which is put either around the neck or twined about her dark hair, where it flashes brightly against the soft ripples of color. When she was in Philadelphia at the christening of the St. Louis at the Champs shipyard a dainty little vinaigrette was presented to her as a souvenir of the occasion, it being set in gold with diamonds studding the top. This is often carried by Mrs. Cleveland, but beyond the things mentioned she does not wear any other ornaments.

Miss Morton wears, perhaps, the least jewelry of any of the cabinet ladies. She generally appears in some sombre tint, but occasionally brightens her gown up with some sweet blossoms, of which she is very fond. Mrs. Lamont, who has a stylish figure and always dresses well, possesses some fine lacy pins or valuable stones which she wears when she has on her evening gowns, but she never makes any display of jewelry in the day time. Mrs. Gresham wears scarcely any at all, and a diamond brooch is almost her only ornament. Mrs. Bissell has a beautiful sunburst of diamonds that she purchased in Europe, but one never sees any conspicuous display of ornaments. Mrs. Carlisle has never been noticed as wearing any at all, her taste in this respect being so quiet, while both Mrs. Hoke Smith and Miss Hervert greatly prefer to deck themselves with flowers in preference to precious stones. Mrs. Olney dresses well and has a sweet face that looks very young when one remembers that she is a grandmother, and her jewels are always few in number and in strict accordance with the style of her gowns. Mrs. George West, of the Westinghouse of Pittsburg, who spent the winter here, was very fond of pearls, and has ropes of them that she wore frequently.

DID HE BLOW OUT THE GAS?

An incident in the life of ex-Mayor John Swift, who held the office of chief executive of Philadelphia for several terms, during the thirties and forties, was discussed by a group of gray-headed men who lingered in the corridors of the City Hall the other day, says the Philadelphia Record. It was said that Mayor Swift and Henry Clay were very intimate friends, and several times during the mayor's administration the eminent Kentuckian came to visit him. On one of these occasions Clay nearly lost his life. Mayor Swift was living on the east side of Tenth street, below Walnut, and during the first night of Mr. Clay's visit the host noticed an unusually strong odor of gas in the house. Upon investigation it was found that Mr. Clay had retired without having turned off the gas. The new illuminating agent had been lately introduced, and it is not improbable that Mr. Clay had blown out the light, in ignorance of the proper method of extinguishing it. Certain it was, according to the chronicler at the City Hall, that had Mayor Swift not noticed the escape of

How truly Macready read the face of the little actress, whose comedy was to be the rage in London for so many years the future proved.

The really and only refined handchief is the colorless one. "Border handkerchiefs, with the exception of those lightly embroidered in black, are no longer looked upon with favor. As for silk handkerchiefs, these likewise are declared out of date as if all belonged to one family, the true spirit of politeness was tried to pass the courtesy on. Only yesterday I saw every man in a carriage up his seat to a woman. Not one was thanked, or looked at as if he expected to be. Indeed, gave the woman in case he had a chance to thank him. It was done as if it all belonged to one family, the atmosphere, and thanks, though audible, were felt. To tell the truth, it embarrasses me to have a woman speak that set formula, 'thank you, sir,' 'It was a pleasure,' 'you're not often embarrassed,' reported his friend, cynically. And there the conversation ended.

paintings by Whistler at the Chicago Institute, and we have overseen one which we have not seen, one would be in ure, one would be in work of a theatrical nature, that painter rather than the famous artist.

**Charming,
Delightful
Subjects**
Are some of the above
applied to the well
ordered costume plateau
day, March 31.
Next Sunday we shall
have another

HANDSOFT
LADIES'
TOILET
That will, if cut out
exactly fit the
MODEL
FIGURE

Which was issued March 31.
Those who did not
figure may secure one by
sending two 2-cent stamps
to the Herald to cover the postage.
The regular

Ladies'
**Colored
Supplement**

Will be issued as usual
every one should please
order early for this
number of The

A SCARCITY OF JEWELRY.

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The really and only refined handchief is the colorless one. "Border handkerchiefs, with the exception of those lightly embroidered in black, for mourning use, are no longer looked upon with favor. As for silk handkerchiefs, these likewise are declared out of date, both for men and women. To be correct, the former should carry good-sized squares of the best linen, stitched to the depth of an inch. Women are permitted greater variety, and dainty squares of sheer linen, or handkerchiefs offered for them may be embroidered with wreathe designs, edged with narrow Valenciennes, or hemstitched, and broderied in one corner the owner's initials or monogram. It is a "hand," an expensive one at that, to have handkerchiefs made to order;—in choosing the linen, then having your exclusive designs drawn, and finally embroidery an expert needlewoman to do the work. Initials—the fac simile of one's handwriting—embroidered in the handkerchief corner are a unique idea.

ALL ABOUT AMMONIA.

A solution of ammonia cleanses, and drains pipes.

Ammonia takes finger-marks from paint.

Ammonia in dish-water brightens silver.

Ammonia in water keeps flannels, lace, fine muslins.

Ammonia cleanses hair-brushes.

Ammonia bleaches yellowed flannelette.

Ammonia brightens windows and lings-grasses.

ON THE HOTEL REGISTER.

He was particularly fond of horses, and one of the first things he did was to make his "pile" was to invest in superb specimens of horseflesh. He fond of his daughters, too, and saw that they were always beautifully expensively gowned, and that they spent all the pin money that they could possibly spend. Still his chief love was his horses, and his pride in them great. When they all—father, daughters and horses—went down to the sea-side for the summer, this is the way he registered the party at the hotel:

"John Smith, Hossees and Daughters."

THE VALUE OF LIGHT.

A sunbeam is a small thing, yet it has a power to fade the carpets and curtains, to rot the blinds, and for this some folks carefully exclude sunshine. What is the result? The family is always ailing, the young girls have a waxen white skin, and a wan, pinched expression of countenance. Their appetites fail, they fall into such a state of health that the doctor is called in. In order days he would have said

Delightful
Supplies
Are some of the a
pplied to the we
ored costume plat
day, March 31.
Next Sunday we sh
another
HANDSO
LADIES'
TOILET
That will, if cut out
exactly fit the
MODEL
FIGUR
Which was issued March 31.
Those who did not
figure may secure one
ing two 2-cent stamps
Herald to cover the post
The regular

Miss Lofts will be assisted by Mr. FRITZ WILLIAMS of the Lyric Theatre, N. Y. Seats now sale at Box Office, Music Hall.

THE HIGHWAYMAN.
Miss Lofts will be assisted by Mr. FRITZ WILLIAMS of the Lyric Theatre, N. Y. Seats now sale at Box Office, Music Hall.

RECITAL
on April 8, at 2:30.

BREMA,
of the Damrosch German

LAST 4 TIMES.
CHARLES F. ATKINSON, Manager.

BLUE JEANS
CHARLES F. ATKINSON, Manager.

SUPREME EXCELLENCE STILL SUSTAINED.
EVENINGS AT 8. MATINEES WED. AND SAT. AT 2.

NEXT | THE DANGER SIGNAL.

LEW DOCKSTADER
CHARLES F. ATKINSON, Manager.

IS DOING
TRILBY

KEITH'S THIS WEEK.

SANDERS THEATRE, CAMBRIDGE.

CONTINUOUS PERFORMANCE.

BOSTON SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA,

MR. EMMI PAUL, CONDUCTOR.

PROGRAMME—ISLAND, PANTASY, PAINE, ARIA, BALLET

MUSIC, SYRIL, WALDEN, RAFF, ARIA, BALLET

TICKETS AT THEATRE ON EVENING OF CONCERT.

WHALE
Now on exhibition at

LOCKWOOD'S RAILWAY,

NORTH FERRY.

CAUGHT TAPPING THE TILL.

DISHONEST EMPLOYEE OF A. B. CURRIER & CO.

TAKEN INTO CUSTODY.

ALLEN B. CURRIER & CO., CORNER OF

WASHINGTON AND ELM STREETS, HAVE

BEEN MISSING SMALL SUMS OF MONEY FROM

THEIR OWN DRAWER, RECENTLY.

LAST EVENING, JOSEPH ROSENTHAL, 19 YEARS OF AGE,

WHO LIVES IN REVERE, HAS BEEN IN

THE EMPLOYEES OF THE FIRM SEVERAL YEARS,

WAS CAUGHT IN THE ACT OF ABSTRACTING

\$3 FROM THE TILL, AND WAS ARRESTED BY

AN OFFICER OF DIVISION 4.

YOUNG ROSENTHAL BROKE DOWN AFTER

His ARREST, AND ADMITTED HIS PECULIAR

CLAIMS, THAT HIS STEALINGS WILL NOT EXCEED

\$300.

FORMALLY EXPELLED.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF BROKER EDWARD MORTON'S

DISGRACE READ AT THE CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE BOSTON HERALD.)

NEW YORK, April 2, 1885.

THE CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE WAS READ

AT 11 O'CLOCK TODAY.

THE REPORT OF SUITS

INSTITUTED AGAINST MORTON IS FULL CON-

TRACTED.

CAMBRIDGEPORT, 125 Franklin Street, Mass.

SALE OF 1,000

TONS OF IRON,

IRON, IRON,

IRON,

OPERA

EECH.

WHALE

LOCKWOOD'S RAILWAY,

NORTH FERRY.

THEATRE.

FOUR NELSON SISTERS

10, 25, 35, 50 Cts.

WEEK APRIL 1st,

FAV FOSTER CO.

—AND—

THE PETRESCU, "the Wonder."

10 cts.

WEEKLY.

10 cts.

In the Method of Dealing with Charges of Election Frauds - Provisions of the Bill.		Programme of Summer Events at the Northfield and Mt. Hermon Schools.	
EAST NORTHFIELD, April 4, 1885.		The following schedule of summer events at the Moody school here and at Mt. Hermon has been arranged:	
April 29—Preliminary debate at Hermon for alumni prize debate at Mt. Hermon June 15. There are 15 contestants for the preliminary event, and from this number six will be chosen to participate in the final. The subject for the preliminary event is: "Resolved, that wealth has been a greater cause of evil than poverty." The subject for the final debate will be selected by a committee of the alumni.		June 5—Athletic team of Mt. Hermon participates in athletic meet at Dartmouth.	
June 16—Baccalaureate sermon by D. L. Moody before students of both schools at the Congregational Church, Northfield.		June 17—Class day exercises at Mt. Hermon at 2 P. M.; prize declamation at Mt. Hermon at 8 P. M.	
June 18—Graduating exercises at Mt. Hermon at 11 A. M.; business meeting of Mt. Hermon alumni at Northfield at 7:30; banquet of Mt. Hermon alumni at Northfield at 9 P. M.		June 19—Commencement exercises of Northfield Seminary in the auditorium at 11 A. M., address by Rev. Dr. Alexander McKenzie.	
June 29 to July 9—World students' conference.		July 20 to July 30—Young women's college conference.	
Aug. 3 to Aug. 15—General conference of Christian Workers.		Between the conferences in July Prof. W. W. White of the Bible Institute of Chicago will give Bible readings six times a week, and also during the remaining days of August. After the close of the general conference Rev. Dr. R. A. Torrey of Chicago will conduct similar meetings.	
D. L. Moody will be present during all the conferences, will personally conduct many services and preach from time to time. The list of speakers for the several conferences is not yet complete.		D. L. Moody will be present during all the conferences, will personally conduct many services and preach from time to time. The list of speakers for the several conferences is not yet complete.	
ACCIDENTALLY SMOOTHERED.		Five-Months'-Old Frank Sullivan Found Dead in Bed by His Parents.	
While the ward 17 contested election case was pending in the House last year an effort was made to pass a bill to give the municipal court of Boston power to hold an inquest on the facts and report its findings to the attorney-general, and if that officer was satisfied that he was justified in taking such action, he was to begin criminal proceedings against those charged with frauds upon the ballot. The bill failed of passage.		About 5 o'clock this morning Frank Sullivan, the 5-months'-old son of Timothy and Catherine Sullivan, living in the rear of No. 215 Kneeland street, was found dead in bed by its parents.	
Acting upon this recommendation, the joint committee on the judiciary has reported a bill which, if adopted by the Legislature, will mark a radical departure in the method of dealing with charges of election frauds.		An investigation by Capt. Warren and the police of station 4 shows that the child was undoubtedly accidentally smothered.	
The bill provides that upon complaint sworn to by any person before a municipal, police or district court, or a trial justice, alleging that reasonable grounds exist for believing that any law relating to the registration, qualification or assessment of voters, or to voting lists or ballots, or to caucuses, conventions and elections has been violated, such court or justice may at once hold an inquest to inquire into such violations of law.		NOT GUILTY OF EMBEZZLEMENT.	
If the court deems proper, the inquest may be private and the witnesses kept separate. The district attorney, or some person designated by him, or the attorney-general, in such cases as he thinks advisable, shall attend the inquest and examine all witnesses.		Verdict in Case of Ex-Assistant Secretary of State Lindholm of Michigan.	
If the justice finds that any law has been violated, he may bind over, as in criminal prosecutions, such witnesses as he deems necessary, or as the district attorney may designate, to appear and testify at the court in which the indictment for such offence may be found or presented.		LANSING, Mich., April 4, 1885. The jury in the case of August W. Lindholm, ex-assistant secretary of state, charged with embezzlement, rendered a verdict of not guilty yesterday.	
No person who is called as a witness before said court or justice at said inquest, or in any court, shall be excused from answering any question, or from producing any paper relating to any alleged violation of the law, which is the subject of inquiry before said court, or Justice, in said inquest, or before any court upon a criminal prosecution for said alleged violation of law, on the ground that the answer to such question, or the production of such paper, may tend to criminate, himself, or disgrace him, or otherwise render him infamous; but the testimony of any witness examined at said inquest, or before any court, upon the subject aforesaid, or any statement made or any paper produced by him on such examination, shall not be used as evidence against such witness in any civil or criminal proceeding in any court of justice; and he shall not be prosecuted or held to answer in any civil or criminal proceeding because of any such testimony, statement or production of any paper, as aforesaid, nor for any matter or cause in respect of which he was examined at said inquest or in said court, or to his testimony or any papers produced relate.		PROF. RICHARDS TO STUDY ABROAD.	
PROF. RICHARDS TO STUDY ABROAD.		Assistant Professor Richards of Harvard will leave for Europe at the beginning of the spring vacation. He expects	
BOSTON COLLEGE.		The literary academy of the sophomore class was entertained yesterday and in the evening much amusement and interest was manifested in the games.	
Pulmonine Does Not Harm.		The Pulmonine does not harm.	

not give them at its own expense a respectful and proper burial in either a Catholic or Protestant cemetery, as may be desired.

President Angel, at the request of the New York World, is taking action to prevent the burial of the supposed dead, which is alleged to be more common than many persons are aware of. He has sent to the Legislature and president of the Senate and speaker of the House of Representatives of every state in the Union the following:

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the State of —: respectfully petitions the American Humane Education Society (an organization duly incorporated by special act of the Legislature of Massachusetts, with power to hold, for its humane purposes, half a million of dollars, free from taxation, and having, with officers in various states, its headquarters in Boston), that it may please your honorable bodies to enact a law requiring a careful and competent inspection, previous to burial, of all persons supposed to be deceased. By suggestion of the Western Freight Association has fixed a rate of 25c on flour and grain from Minneapolis, Minn., to New York, and agreed upon a division, in which it will be recommended that all grain rates go above 15c. per 100. After navigation opens they may go lower again.

The committee of northern lines of the Western Freight Association has fixed a rate of 25c on flour and grain from Minneapolis, Minn., to New York, and agreed upon a division, in which it will be recommended that all grain rates go above 15c. per 100. After navigation opens they may go lower again.

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Denver & Gulf receivers have decided not to arbitrate the fixing of the amount which should be paid by them for the use of Rio Grande tracks between Pueblo and Trinidad, which is taken to mean that the receivers will at once order the building of a parallel line.

Grand Trunk will cancel its 12c. rate on oats between Chicago and New York April 13. Eastern connections of Grand Trunk were not in accord with the rate, and Erie proper, east of Buffalo, which was made a party to the tariff, protested against it.

Cut rates in grain, provisions, and dairy products will continue in effect, and it is very doubtful if grain rates go above 15c. per 100. After navigation opens they may go lower again.

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The contractors are feeling highly encouraged at the progress of the work thus far, and are sanguine of easily meeting all the conditions they took upon themselves when they assumed their important task. They are also drawing no little hope from the very valuable discoveries made yesterday and this morning, as there is a remote prospect that sufficient treasure will be unearthed to pay for a considerable portion of the work. Yesterday afternoon two copper coins were thrown out near the Church street entrance. One of them bore date of 1816, but the other defined a microscopic test in an effort to determine the period of its origin. It was a relic of the distant past, and will be treasured by Mr. R. E. Meehan, into whose possession it was delivered by the workman who found it.

But the find made this morning, while not so valuable intrinsically as the coins, yet at the same time it resounded throughout the city, and caused a great deal of speculation among those who had knowledge of the peculiar discovery. While the men were digging into the right hand bank of the incline there was thrown out a number of small green iridescent pieces of paper, which, upon a close inspection, proved to be the fragments of a \$1 and a \$2 Greenback. Mr. Meehan carefully detached them from the clinging earth, and deposited the remains in the change pocket of his overcoat, and gave instructions that a rigid lookout be kept for the remaining portions. These treasure finds will be jealously guarded by Mr. Meehan, and eventually be added to his store of rare and curious mementoes of the subway.

Said a gentleman who was an interested spectator of the work this morning, "I don't believe the leaders of the opposition to the subway plan are altogether sincere in what they are doing. I have it on pretty good authority that the projectors of the Meigs elevated railroad are making their influence felt among the legislators, as it is well known they antagonized the underground plan of transit from start to finish. While I am inclined to believe the city has lost many supporters on account of the hue and cry that has been set up against it, yet if the commission is allowed to prosecute its work to a finish I have every reason to believe one year after the tunnel has been in operation every body will be saying, 'How in the world did we manage when the cars were run on the surface.' I know a great many are of the opinion that the work is going to cost many more millions than the estimate, but for me to eliminate this factor entirely from the consideration, it has been shown that the city must have some escape from the present congestion, and the necessity of some method whereby this annoyance can be obviated within the limits of reason.

The dissatisfaction expressed by the workmen when they learned of the Meigs elevated railroad has entirely disappeared, as no special section was favored in making the late additions to the force. There is a growing belief that the Governor is not in accord with the adverse action of the Legislature and the city has given to residents of Joliet, Illinois, a very vigorous veto from his excellency. It is argued that his kindly reference to the scheme in his last inaugural address, and the fact that he took sufficient interest in the initial exercises to dignify them by his presence argues well for the continuance of work on the big tunnel.

The matter of a new election for selectmen, between Michael D. Sheehan and Edward S. Wilson, the candidates who were tied on the recount, may also be brought up at the meeting.

Smallpox epidemic is over.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 5, 1885. The general passenger agent of the Missouri Pacific railway received a telegram from Hot Springs, Ark., last evening, stating that the smallpox epidemic at that place

was increased and an appeal made. The town by-laws require that a two-thirds vote shall be necessary and Moderator Tirrell will so rule at the adjourned meeting next Monday night.

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Exhausted vitality, Nervous and Physical Disease, Premature Decline, Varicose Atrophy, and the thousands ill consequent thereon, invariably cured at the PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE, No. 4 Bullock St., Boston, Mass. Established 32 years. W. H. PARKER, M. D., Consulting Physician.

Thirty-two years uninterrupted and successful practice, received a GOLD MEDAL from the NATIONAL MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, accompanied with a series of certificates of unanimous endorsement, are a sufficient guarantee of Dr. Parker's unassimilable extra.

Of medicine, the old-time, the stable extra, that will be given to the writers.

Such a prolonged fight on the original speech by means of a wire.

The company proposes to put in telephones all over the country at a uniform price of \$25 a year, and make what is now a luxury and a convenience within the means of comparatively a few necessity within the means of the great body of the public.

Not the least remarkable feature about this gigantic combination is the secrecy with which operations have been conducted. This publication is the first intimation that the public, outside of those directly interested, will have of the plans of the company.

It is even doubtful if the Bell company, with all its immense interests threatened, knows much, if anything, about what has been done by its rival in aggregated capital, if not yet its rival in the actual operation of telephone lines.

An earnest of what the company can do with its combined capital and political influence is seen in the passage of the cosmopolitan ordinance against both popular sentiment and the powerful interest of the Chicago Telephone Company. Perhaps popular sentiment will be modified if the cosmopolitan ordinance should result in telephones at one-sixth of the price which is now paid.

The company which proposes to operate under this ordinance is styled the Northwestern Standard Telephone Company, and for its field of operations it has the states of Illinois, Iowa and Wisconsin. And nine other local companies already formed east of the Mississippi and the 10 other companies in process of organization to cover the remainder of the territory in the United States, the British Provinces and Mexico, are formed on the same astute lines.

The model for all these was found in the organization of the board of directors of the Standard Telephone Company, the parent organization.

The state companies which have already been formed to operate as licensees of the parent company are the following:

New York Standard Telephone Company, capital \$6,000,000, to operate in the state of New York.

Eastern Standard Telephone Company, Boston, capital \$6,000,000, to operate throughout New England.

New Jersey Standard Telephone Company, capital \$3,000,000, Jersey City, to operate in New Jersey and Delaware.

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